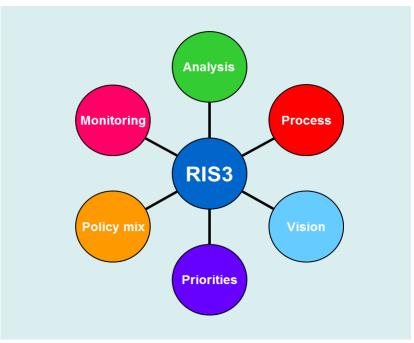


S3 Information Event

Kiev, Ukraine, 15 September, 2016

THE MAIN STEPS FOR DEVELOPING A RIS3







The RIS3 Guide

- Methodological guidance for policy makers an implementing bodies
- Focused on RIS3 design: developing the concept, helping to understand the S3 method
- The guide evolves with the advancement of S3 process
- New Guide on RIS3 implementation will be available in October!



Available on the S3 Platform webpage http://s3platform.jrc.ec.europa.eu



RIS3 guide - Key steps for developing a RIS3

Step 1 – Analysis of local context and potential

Step 2 – Governance

Step 3 – Vision for the future

Step 4 - Selection of priorities

Step 5 – Policy mix

Step 6 - Monitoring and evaluation





Step 1 – Analysis of regional context and potential for innovation (I)

- A broader definition of innovation, not just RTD-oriented
- Assess existing regional assets
- Identify regional competitive advantage
- Detect emerging niches for smart specialisation
- Combine methods (e.g. foresights, SWOT approach, surveys, working groups, interviews, etc.)





Step 1 – Analysis of regional context – looking out – and potential for innovation (II)

Outward-looking Analysis:

- Assess country's positioning with regard to other countries and regions in Europe
- Beware of global companies and value chains
- Find complementarities with other regions to join wider networks
- Avoid 'blind' duplication, discover possibilities for collaboration





Step 1 – Analysis of regional context and potential for innovation (III)

Analysis of entrepreneurial dynamics and identification of future opportunities:

- Entrepreneurial discovery process systematic search for new opportunities through the dialogue of stakeholders
- Involvement of entrepreneurial actors in the process
 - Firms, but also Universities, Technology Centers, Venture Capitalists, Regional Development Agencies..





Business

manufacturing and services, primary sectors, financial sector, creative industries, social sector, large firms, SMEs, young entrepreneurs, students with business ideas, cluster and business organisations, etc.

Research

public and private
research bodies,
universities,
science and technology
parks, NCPs,
Technology transfer
offices, Horizon2020
committee members,
regional ESFRI roadmaps
etc.

Entrepreneurial in **composition** and **spirit:** (risk-taking, broader view beyond boundaries ...)

Different departments, if relevant at different government levels, agencies e.g. for regional development business advice, public procurement offices, incubators, etc.

Public administration

NGOs and citizens' initiatives related to societal challenges for which innovative solutions would be helpful, consumers associations, Talents! etc.

Civil society /
Users

S3 is an ongoing entrepreneurial discovery process

- Placed to lead in the identification of new opportunities for growth in a rapidly globalising economy
- The process of discovery of their niches and markets used by the most entrepreneurial of firms/researchers inspire public policies for innovation

Joint Research Centre



Step 2 – Governance: ensuring participation and ownership

Wider engagement of stakeholders:

- Interactive and consensus based
- From Triple Helix governance model to Quadruple Helix involving civil society
- Setting up a Steering Group, Management Team, Working groups, flagship projects...





Step 3 – Developing an overall vision of the region's future

Shared vision of the region's potential and main directions for its international positioning:

- Shared, ambitious but realistic
- Agenda for transformation: formulate different scenarios based on analyses and debate where your region wants to go
- Motivating, addressing societal challenges

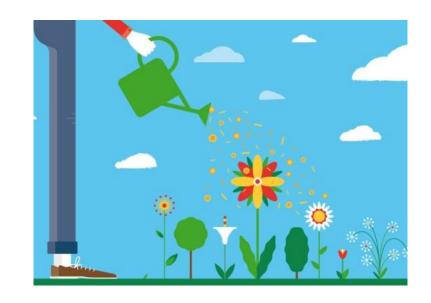






Step 4 – Identification of priorities Decision-making step where top-down meets bottom-up:

- Focus on a limited number of areas with potential for smart specialisation as emerged from entrepreneurial discovery
- Avoid capture by interest groups!
- Areas where the region hopes to excel
- Pay attention to horizontal priorities (Key Enabling Technologies, ICT etc.)







Step 5 – Implementation, definition of a coherent policy mix, roadmaps and action plan

- Defines roadmaps, action plan and pilot projects corresponding to the objectives
- Which tools do you need to overcome identified challenges in order to reach your goals?
- Includes measurable targets, result and outcome indicators
- Defines realistic timeframes
- Identifies sources of funding and budget allocations





Step 6 – Integration of monitoring and evaluation mechanisms

Mechanisms integrated in the strategy:

- Monitoring → to verify the correct and efficient implementation of activities
- Evaluation → to verify whether and how strategic goals are met
- Importance of measurable targets and output/result indicators





RIS3 – main features:

- Build on country's/region's strengths, competitive advantages and potential
- Focus investments on limited number of priorities
- Supports technological and practise based innovation
- Entrepreneurial discovery process
- Wide stakeholder involvement
- Evidence-based and includes sound monitoring and evaluation system







Thank you!





http://s3platform.jrc.ec.europa.eu

