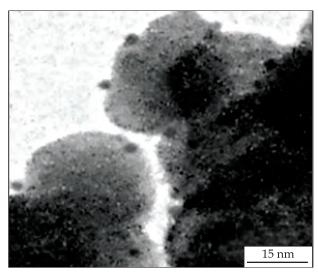
TECHNOLOGY FOR OBTAINING PHOTOSENSITIVE AND PHOTOCATALYTIC OXIDE NANOPOWDERS



Photosensitive nanopowder $Ag(Ag_2O) - ZrO_2 - 3 \text{ mol } \% \text{ } Y_2O_3$

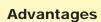


This technology is used to produce composite oxide powders for photocatalytic purification of air and water

Specification

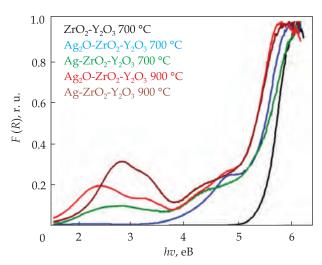
Phase composition: as required. Chemical composition: as required.

Particle size, nm d = 10-300Specific surface area, m²/g 120-10

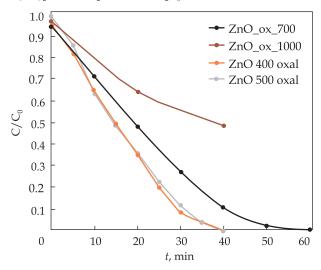


This technology is simpler in terms of hardware solutions as compared with the analogs. The physical actions essentially reduce drying time and decrease the aggregation of nanoparticles, so that no grinding is required.

The proposed technology enables to widen the range of powder chemical compositions without significant modifications of production and to control the nanopowder dispersion



Optical properties of nanopowde $Ag(Ag_2O) - ZrO_2 - 3 mol \% Y_2O_3$



Photocatalytic properties of ZnO nanopowder

Stage of Development. Suggestions for Commercialization

IRL3, TRL6 Joint venture

IPR Protection

IPR1

Contact Information

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