

Copernicus Emergency Management Service

European Commission
Joint Research Centre

Jan Kucera

Follow us on:

 Copernicus EU

 CopernicusEU

 www.copernicus.eu

Space

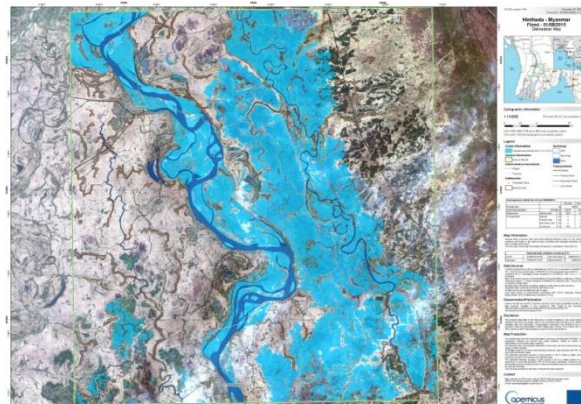


 **copernicus**
Europe's eyes on Earth

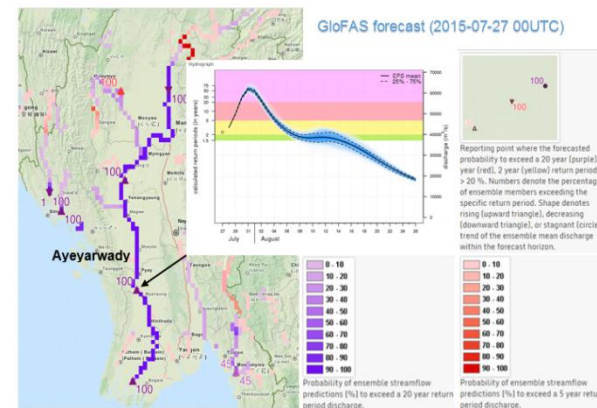
Copernicus Emergency Management Service (EMS)

- ★ Addressing natural and man-made disasters globally
- ★ EMS components: Mapping (with Validation) and Early Warning
- ★ EMS Mapping: Provides disaster management information based on satellite imagery combined with other information
- ★ EMS Early Warning Systems: provide alerts on flood and forest fire risks

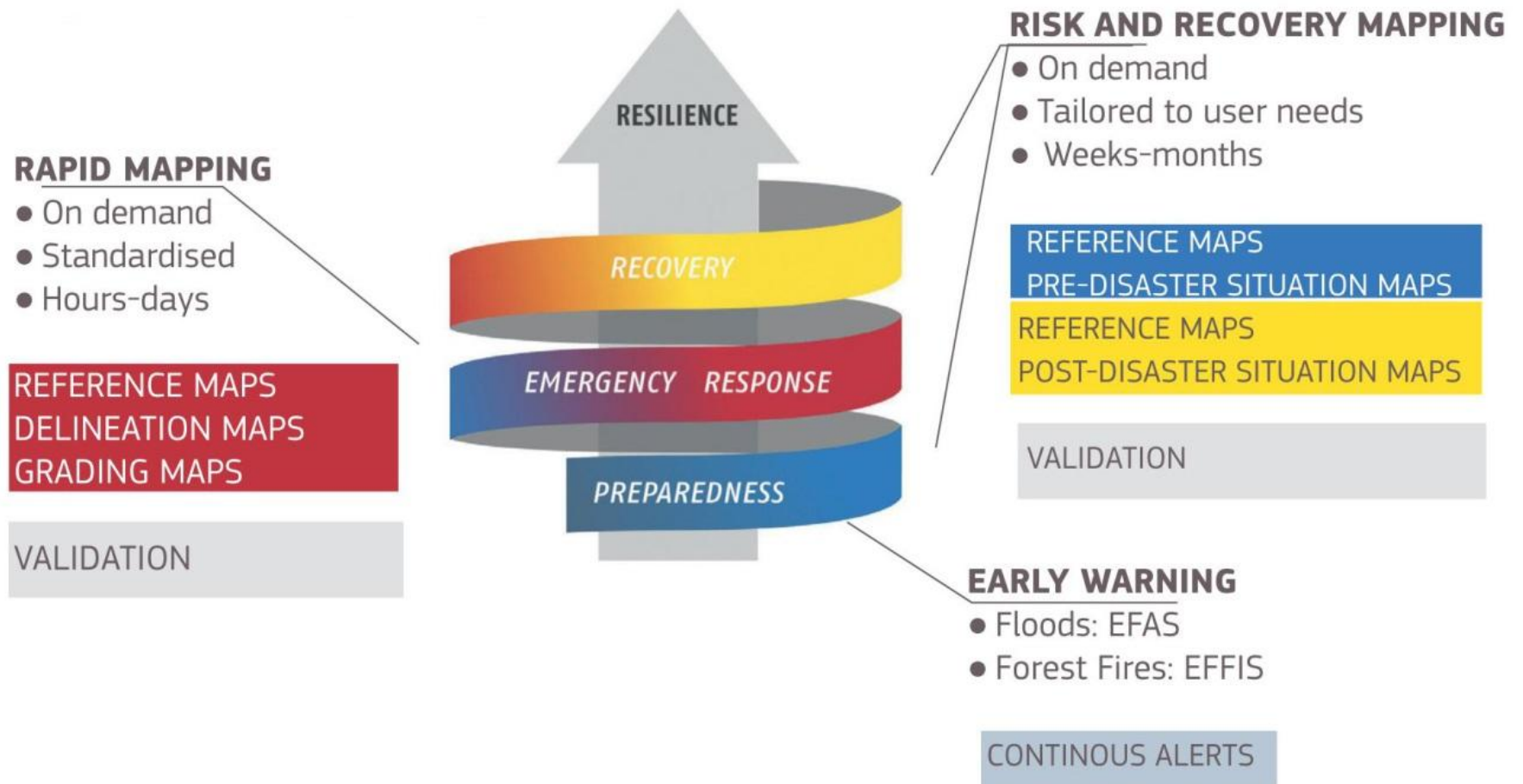
Mapping



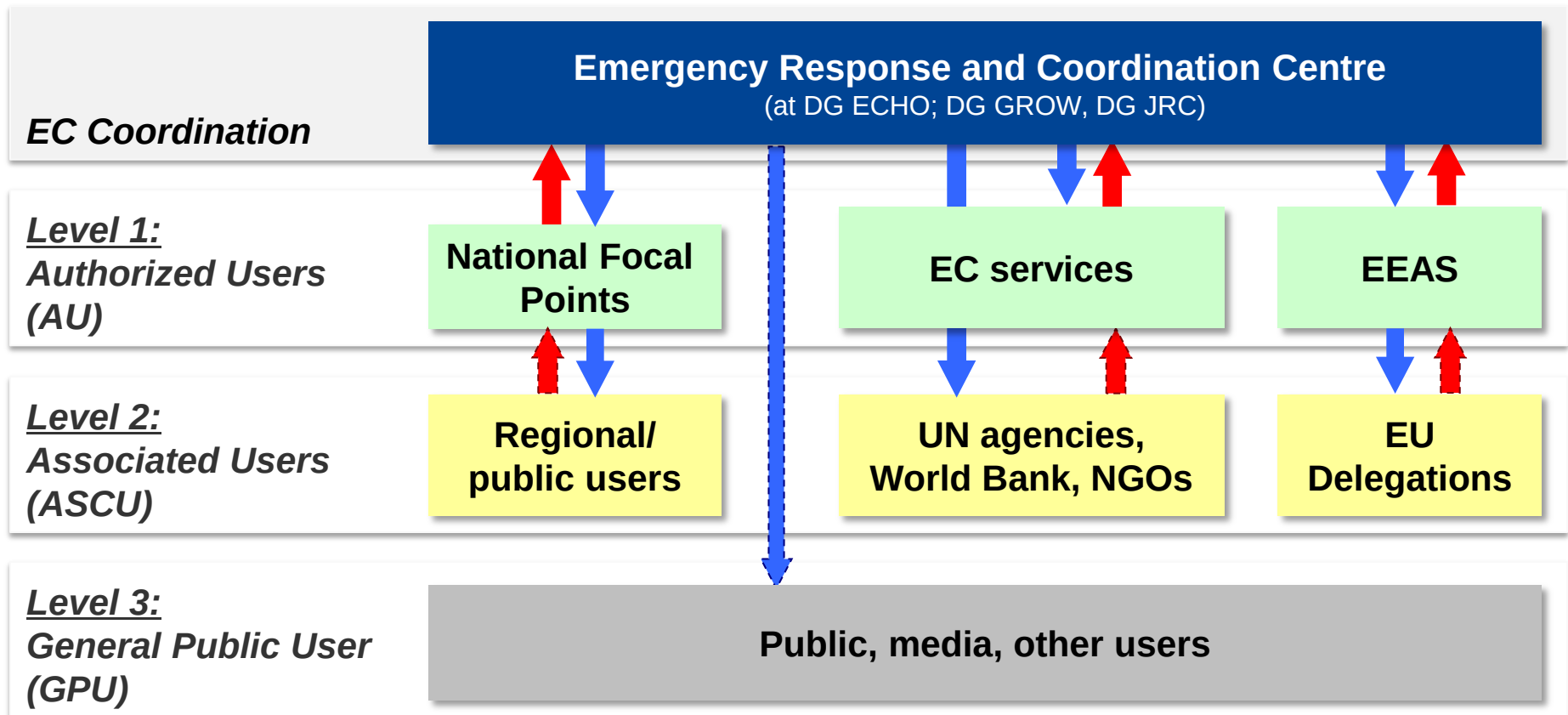
Early Warning



Service Concept



Users and Information Flow of EMS Mapping



↑ trigger ↓ inform

Copernicus EMS-Mapping: Satellite data supply

- ★ Copernicus Contributing Missions (WorldView-2, Pleiades, Spot 6/7, Cosmo SkyMed, TerraSar, Radarsat-2 and other commercial missions) supplied by ESA (REACT – Rapid Emergency Activation for Copernicus)
- ★ Sentinel 1A/B, Sentinel 2 whenever feasible
- ★ Other: Landsat 8, Aerial Imagery, Orthomosaics, ESRI

Rapid Mapping

- ★ 24/7 service
- ★ Standardised products (three map types)
- ★ Two production modes (service levels SL)

MAP TYPE	CONTENT	DELIVERY TIME*	
		SL1	SL5
Reference	Detailed status of the territory & assets prior to the crisis e.g. Topographic features & specific information	9h	5 days
Delineation	Assessment of the event's extent e.g. delineation of burnt area, delineation of flooded area, earthquake impact area; estimations on the exposed or affected population and assets	12h**	5 days
Grading	Assessment of the damage grade & its spatial distribution e.g. for any disaster event, location of destroyed/damaged buildings and assets, and damage grading (possibly-moderately-highly affected-destroyed)	12h**	5 days

* Time after satellite data reception

** First Available Map after 3h

EMS Rapid Mapping

 $\leq 12h^*$

Map delivery

~2h

Satellite tasking

Satellite image delivery

Activation of the service

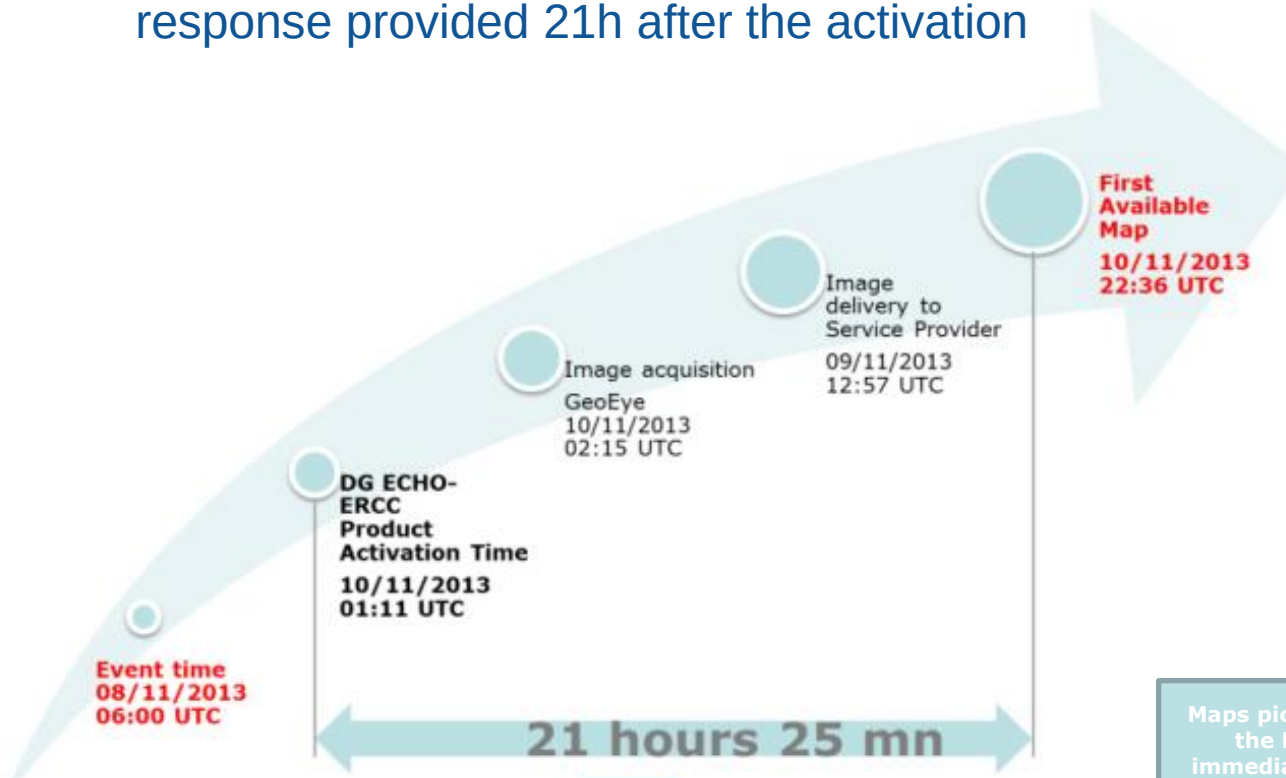
Disaster



*** Production time in service level 1**

Timeline example: Typhoon Philippines, 2013

- Damage Assessment for emergency response provided 21h after the activation



Maps picked up by the MEDIA immediately after the event



Tanna Island, Vanuatu

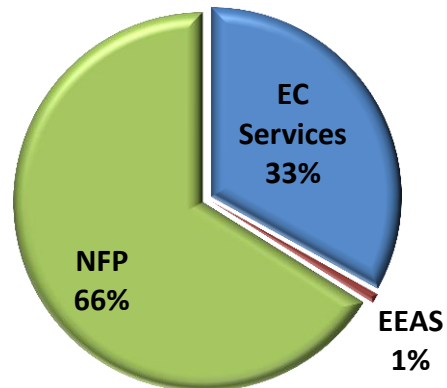




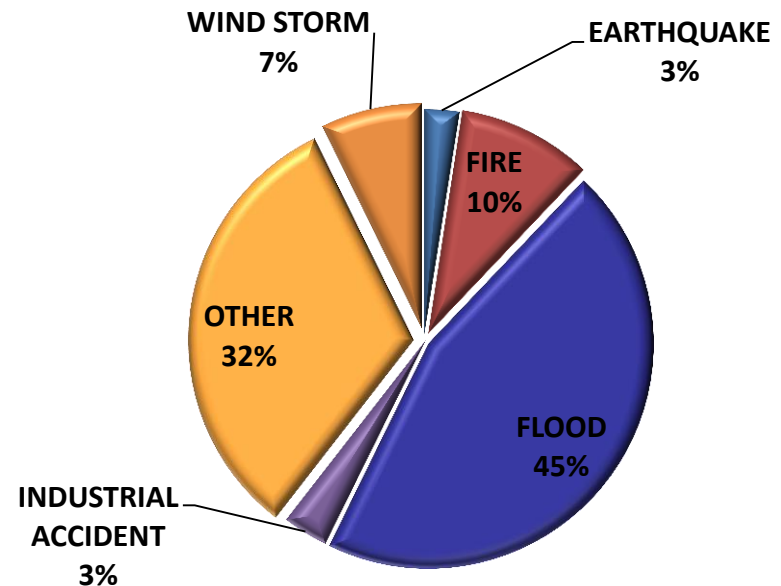
Rapid Mapping (180 activations)

EU 57%

Triggering entity group



Disaster Type

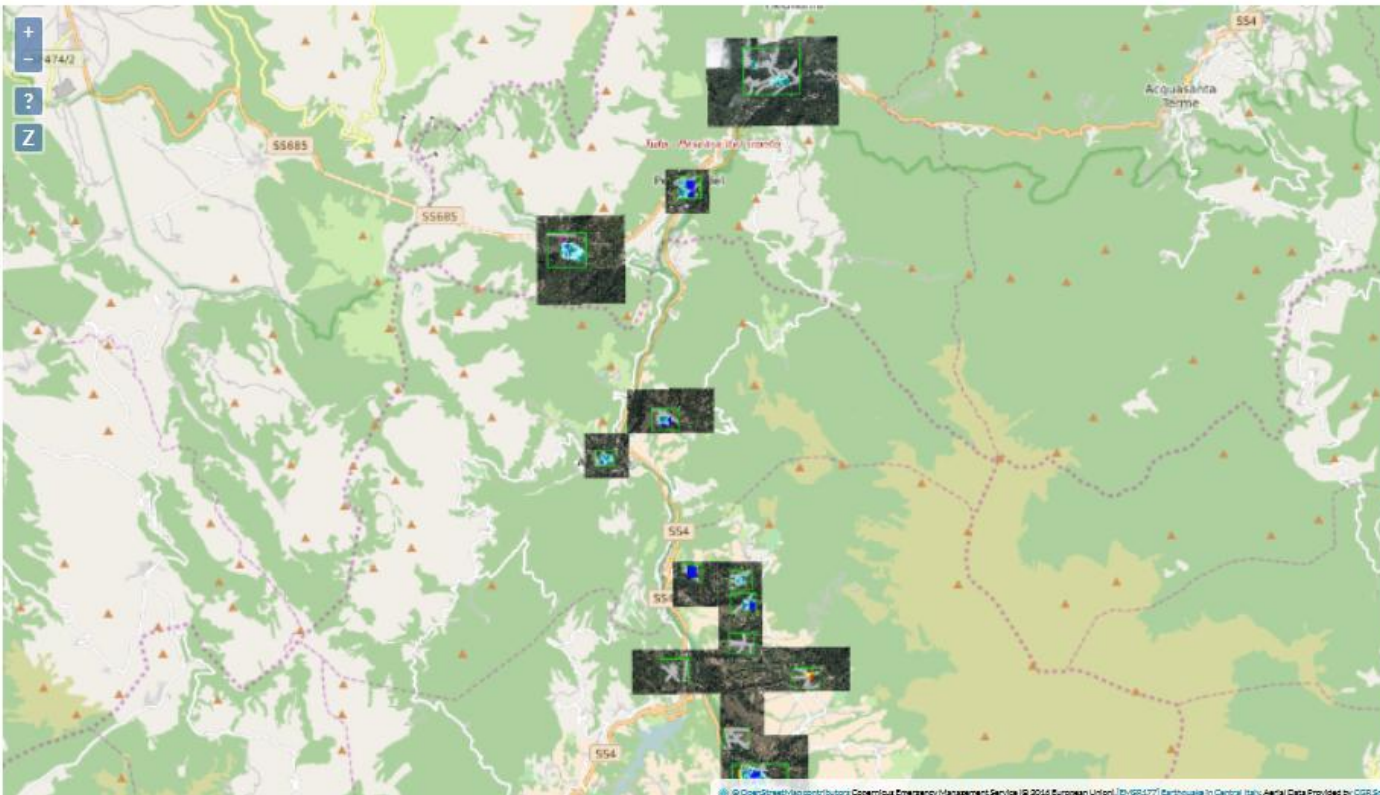


An aerial photograph of a residential neighborhood with a grid-like street pattern. Buildings are outlined in red and yellow. Green triangles are placed along the streets, and orange squares are placed at specific intersections or points of interest. The map is overlaid with a coordinate grid.

 Europe's eyes

EQ in Italy, 24.8.2016

<http://viewer.copernicus-ems.eu>



EMSR177 Earthquake in Italy

Earthquake

Aug 24, 2016

Show Map Sets

Zoom all Hide all layers

- 26-Sant'Angelo
- 25-Accumoli
- 24-Rocchetta
- 23-San Lorenzo e Flaviano
- 22-Cornillo Vecchio
- 21-Poggio Vitellino
- 20-Amatrice
- 19-Arquata del Tronto
- 18-Saletta
- 17-Pescara del Tronto
- 16-Illica
- 15-Casale
- 14-Capodacqua

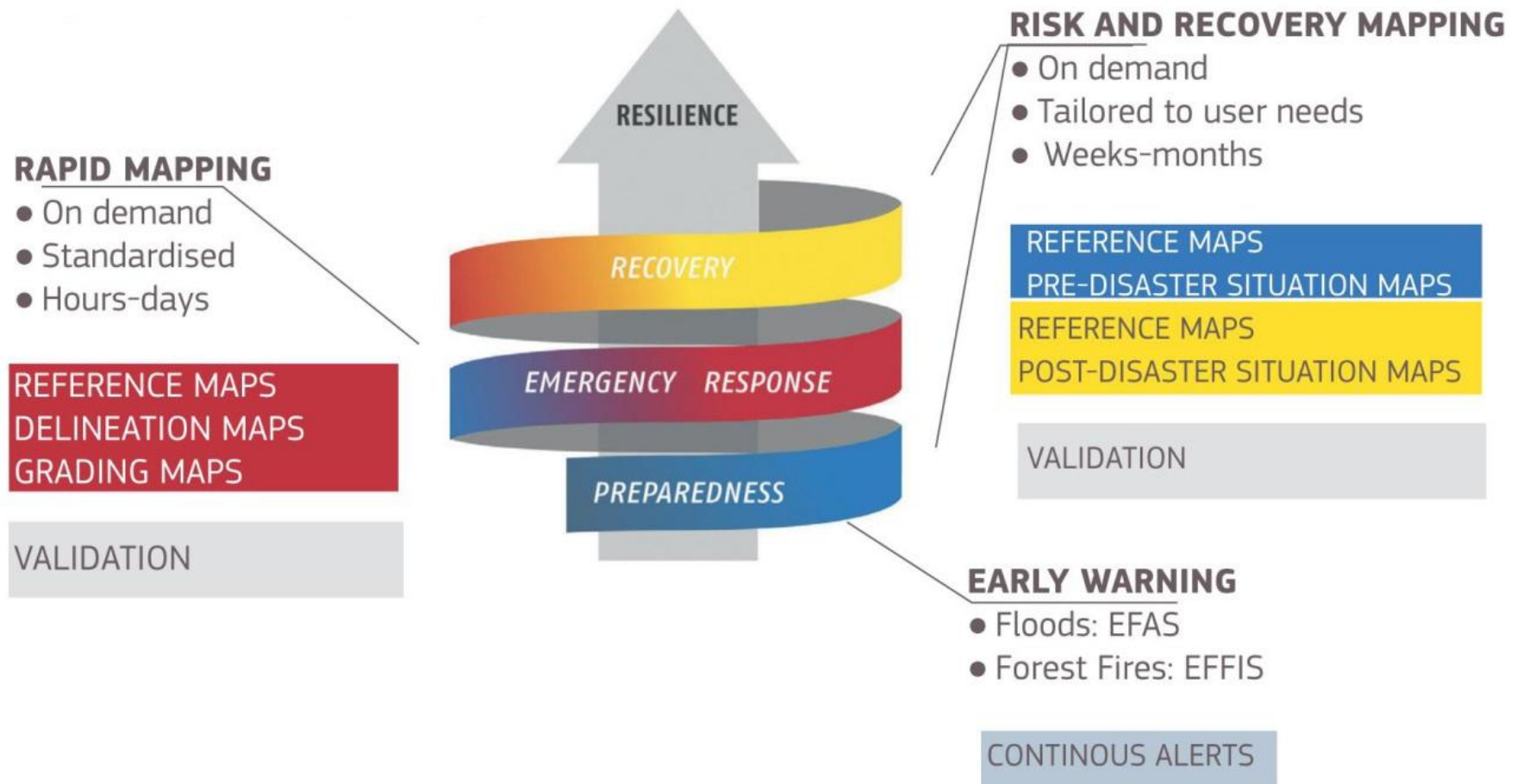
International Working Group on Satellite based Emergency Mapping (IWG-SEM)

- ★ “Supporting disaster response by improving international cooperation in satellite based emergency mapping.”
- ★ “Establish best practices between operational satellite-based emergency mapping programs, stimulate communication and collaboration, support the definition of emergency mapping guidelines, strengthen the sharing of expertise and capacities and review relevant technical standards as well as protocols. Work with the appropriate organizations to define professional standards for emergency mapping.”

iwg-sem.org

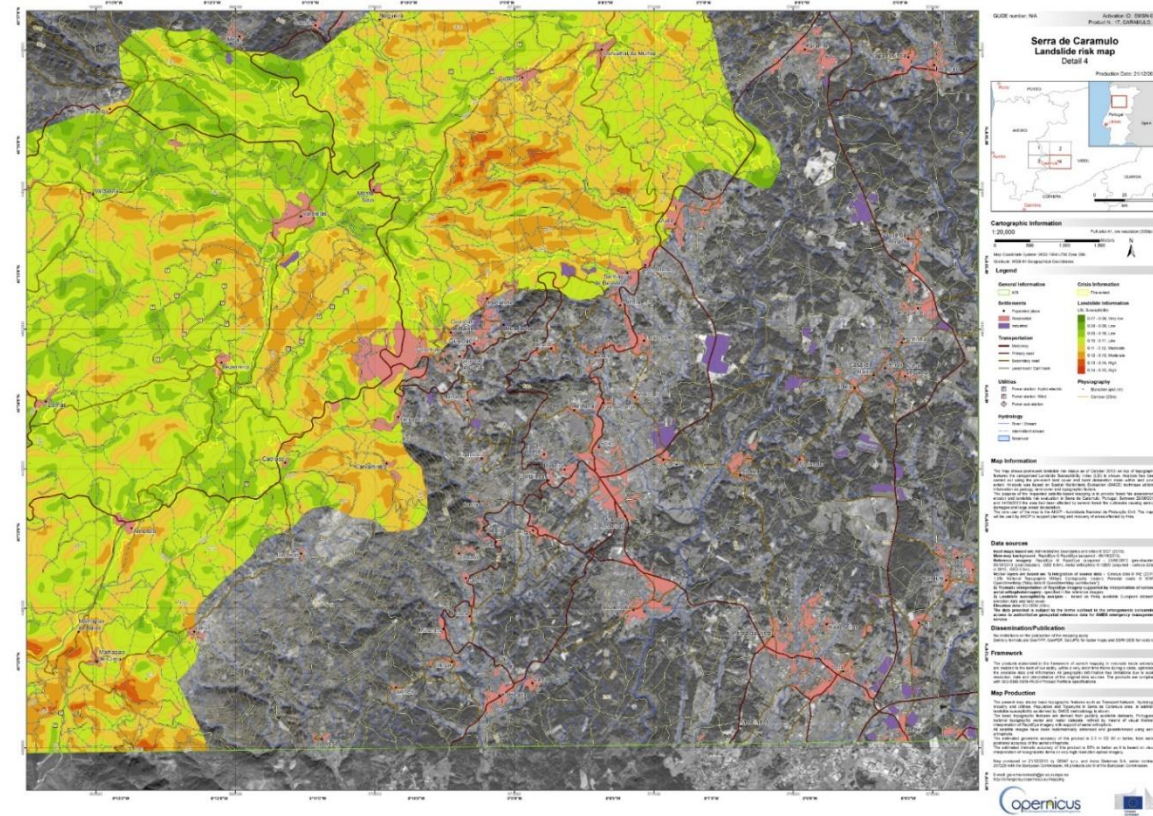
Global trends in satellite-based emergency mapping (Science, 15 Jul 2016: Vol. 353, Issue 6296, pp. 247-252)

Service Concept



Risk and Recovery Mapping

- ★ On-demand (activated by authorized users)
- ★ Delivery time approx. 2 months after request
- ★ Provision of:
 - ★ Reference Maps (status of territory and assets)
 - ★ Pre-Disaster Maps (Hazard, Vulnerability/resilience, Risk status, Evacuation plans)
 - ★ Post-Disaster Maps (Recovery plans, Reconstruction /rehabilitation, IDP monitoring)



Population Vulnerability

GLIDE number: N/A Activation ID: ESMN-014
Product N.: 01RoaMamora_v1

Rio Mamore - BOLIVIA
Flood risk assessment - 01/11/2014
Population Vulnerability Map - Detail 01 Trinidad
Production date: 31/10/2014



Cartographic Information

1:20000 Full color ISO A1, low resolution (100 dpi)

Grid: WGS 1984 UTM Zone 20S map coordinate system

Tick marks: WGS 84 geographical coordinate system

Legend

Risk Assessment	Industry / Utilities
Vulnerability Index for Population	Extraction Mine
1 - Low	Transportation
2 - Moderate	Aerodrome
3 - High	Bridge
4 - Very High	Runway
General Information	Primary Road
Area of Interest	Secondary Road
Hydrology	Local Road
Lake	Track
River	Aerodrome

Map Information

The northern territories of Bolivia are regularly affected by massive flooding during the rainy season, which runs from October to April. Towns such as Beni and La Paz (border area) are particularly exposed because of extensive wetlands and the presence of large rivers such as Beni and Mamore. During the past decades, the floods which occurred in 2009 and 2014 appear to be the most significant events.

Local authorities express the need to better know the areas prone to floods and vulnerability of populations and infrastructure. Proposals related to protection measures and evacuation plans for the most populated localities (Trinidad, Santa Ana del Yacuma, Rurrenabique and Guayma) will be part of the analysis.

Data Sources

Map made based on Administrative boundaries (RC 2013), hydrology, Transportation (Bureau Earth, 2012), Settlements (Eurostat, 2012).
Geotiff: 1:10,000, projected on UTM Zone 20S, GSD 5.4 m, 5% cloud coverage, provided by GeoCOC, all rights reserved.
Landuse: U.S. Geological Survey (acquired on 13/07/2014, GSD 15 m, approx. 5% cloud coverage).
Base vector layers based on OpenStreetMap © OpenStreetMap contributors, Wikimedia.org.
Geotiff: 1:10,000, projected on UTM Zone 20S, GSD 5.4 m, 5% cloud coverage.
Elevation data: SRTM (open posting), height in meters above mean sea level.
All data sources are complete and with no gaps.

Dissemination/Publication

Delivery formats are GeoTIFF, GeoPDF, GeoJPEG and vectors (shapefile and KMZ formats).

Framework

The products elaborated in the framework of current mapping in non-rapid mode activation are related to the best of our ability within a relative short time frame, optimizing the available data and information. All geographic information has limitations due to scale, resolution, date and interpretation of the original data sources. The products are compliant with GEO-ENS NCH-RUP-001 Product Portfolio specifications.

Map Production

The present map shows the population vulnerability in the area of Trinidad, located near Mamore river in Beni Department (BOLIVIA). The basic topographic features are derived from public datasets, refined by means of visual interpretation of GeoTIFF image acquired on 22/07/2014.
The vulnerability index for population has been evaluated from the land cover/land use layer and the estimate of population density.
All satellite images have been radiometrically enhanced and orthorectified with RPC approach using SRTM elevation data.
The estimated geometric accuracy of this product is 1.5 m CE90 or better, from visual inspection of the background satellite image.
The estimated thematic accuracy of this product is 85% or better, as it is based on visual interpretation of the background satellite image or on high resolution optical imagery.
Only the area enclosed by the Area of Interest has been analyzed.
Map produced on 31/10/2014 by GeoCOC, controlled 25/11/2014 by the European Commission. All products are © of the European Commission.
Before this release map (quality control): SHS (DDG).
E-mail: emergency@nonspat.com

Map products available at <http://emergency.copernicus.eu/mapping/en/comp/ens014>



Risk Assessment Vulnerability Index for Population

1 - Low
2 - Moderate
3 - High
4 - Very High

Area of Interest - Detail 01

Copernicus
18

Disaster risk (population)

GLIDE number: N/A
Activation ID: ESMN-014
Product N.: 014RioMamore_v1

Rio Mamore - BOLIVIA
Flood risk assessment - 01/11/2014
Disaster Risk Map for Population - Detail 01 Trinidad
Production date: 17/11/2014



Cartographic information

1:20000 Full color ISO A1, low resolution (100 dpi)

Grid: WGS 1984 UTM Zone 20S map coordinate system

Tick marks: WGS 84 geographical coordinate system

Legend

Risk Assessment	Industry / Utilities
Risk Index for Population	Extraction Mine
1 - Low	Transportation
2 - Moderate	Airport
3 - High	Bridge
4 - Very High	Runway
General Information	Primary Road
Area of Interest	Secondary Road
Hydrology	Local Road
Lake	Track
River	Airport

Map Information

The northern territories of Bolivia are regularly affected by massive flooding during the rainy season, which runs from October to April. Departments El Beni and La Paz (northern part) are particularly exposed because of extensive wetlands and the presence of large rivers such as Beni and Mamore. During the past decades, the floods which occurred in 2002 and 2014 appear to be the most significant events.

Local authorities express the need to better know the areas prone to floods and vulnerability of populations and infrastructure. Proposals related to protection measures and evacuation plans for the most populated locations (Trinidad, Santa Ana del Yacuma, Yumbateque and Guayana) will be part of this analysis.

Data Sources

Base maps based on: Administrative boundaries (CIC, 2013); Hydrology, Transportation (Natural Earth, 2012); Settlements (Dedimex, 2012).

Base map: 0.5 DigitalGlobe Inc. Acquired on 2007/2014. 14x3 UTM, CRS: UTM, 0.5 m, 1% cloud coverage, provided by GeoEye, all rights reserved.

Land use: 0.5 S. Geological Survey. Acquired on 12/07/2014. 0.5 m, approx. 1% cloud coverage.

Base vector layers based on: OpenStreetMap © OpenStreetMap contributors, Wikimapia.org, GeoNames (vector), 1:10,000, extracted on 01/10/2014, refined by SIRS. Source information

Height in meters above mean sea level.

1: no gaps.

F. GeoPDF and vectors (shapefile and KML formats).

Work of current mapping in non-routine mode activation are

in a relative short time frame, optimizing the available

information has limitations due to scale, resolution, date

of sources. The products are compliant with G10-EN 5

alone.

risk for population in the area of Trinidad, located near

(01/10/2014). The basic topographic features are derived

is of visual interpretation of GeoEye-1 image acquired

has been evaluated combining the vulnerability index

the

of this product is 1.5 m. CRS: UTM, 0.5 m, 1% cloud

satellite image.

the product is 0.5 m or better, as it is based on visual

very high resolution optical imagery.

Interest has been analyzed.

SIRS, under contract 2012/19 with the European

Commission.

contact: SIRS (000).

m

only components/missing/lost components/ESM014

on

Map for Population - Detail

DigitalGlobe

Mitigation plan

GLIDE number: N/A Activation ID: ESMN 014
Product N.: 01401Mamora_v1

Rio Mamore - BOLIVIA
Flood risk assessment - 01/11/2014
Mitigation Measures Map - Detail 01 Trinidad
Production date: 01/11/2014



Cartographic Information

1:20000 Full color ISO A1, low resolution (100 dpi)

Grid: WGS 1984 UTM Zone 20S map coordinate system

Tick marks: WGS 84 geographical coordinate system

Legend

Mitigation Measures	General Information	Industry / Utilities
Proposed Measures	Area of Interest	Extraction Mine
Sluice Gate	Settlements	Transportation
Existing Dykes	Residential	Airport
Defensivo Trinidad	Commercial	Runway
Actual Bi-Nacional	Green Area	Primary Road
Canal Bi-Nacional	Industrial	Secondary Road
Dyke Project - Deflector Trinidad	Recreational	Local Road
Deflector	Hydrology	Track
Canal	Lake	Airport
Land Use Zoning Plan	River	
Broad-leaved forest (Reforestation)		
Built-up area (Urbanization)		

Mitigation Measures

Proposed Measures

Sluice Gate

Dyke

Existing Dykes

Defensivo Trinidad

Actual Bi-Nacional

Canal Bi-Nacional

Dyke Project - Deflector Trinidad

Deflector

Canal

Land Use Zoning Plan

Broad-leaved forest (Reforestation)

Built-up area (Urbanization)

Added by median flooding during the rainy months (El Beni and La Paz northern part) and the presence of large rivers such as the Beni, Mucurapi, and others. The floods which occurred in 2005 and 2014.

the areas prone to floods and vulnerability to flood protection measures and evacuation routes are del Vacuna, Rumbaque and

© (IRC, 2013), Hydrology, Transportation 13/2014 1443 UTC, GSD: 0.4 m, 1% cloud 13/07/2014, GSD: 15 m, approx. 1% cloud

and vectors (MapInfo and KML format).

re mapping in non-road mode activation are about time. Please, optimizing the available to improve due to scale, resolution, data for products are compliant with ISO 15926.

as in the area of Trinidad, located near the basic topographic features are derived interpretation of GSD 15 m image acquired

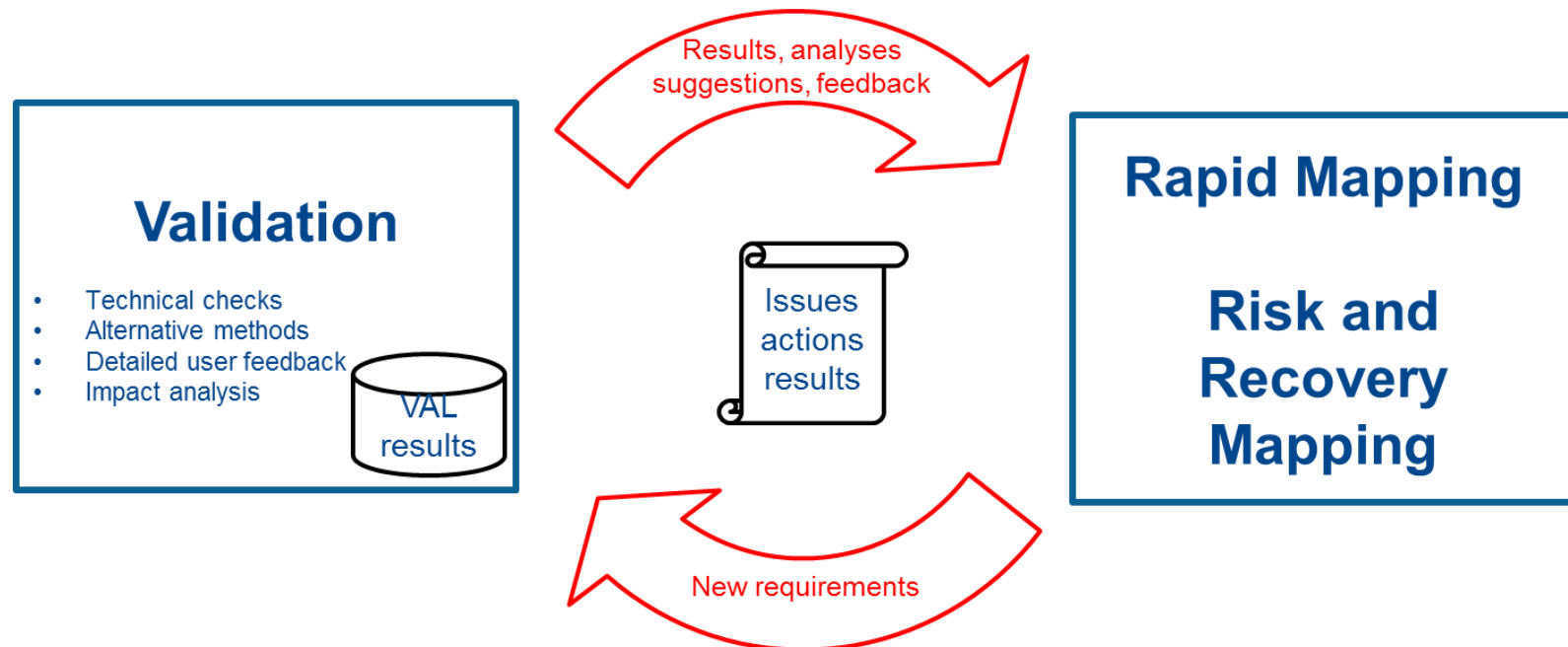
used as proposals for helping the local authorities. They have been designed taking into account the flood risk assessment. Please be aware that the data of the analysis technique and the enhanced and orthorectified with SPC 02 in 1.5 m GSD or better, from native GSD 15 m or better, as it is based on visual resolution optical imagery been analyzed, or contract 2012/19 with the European Commission 13 (ODD).

See: eu/mapping/doc/components/ESMN014



Mapping Validation

- ★ For quality and value assessment of RM and RRM products
- ★ Activated by EC (JRC), typically 12 validation campaigns per year (field surveys, product validation and valuation)

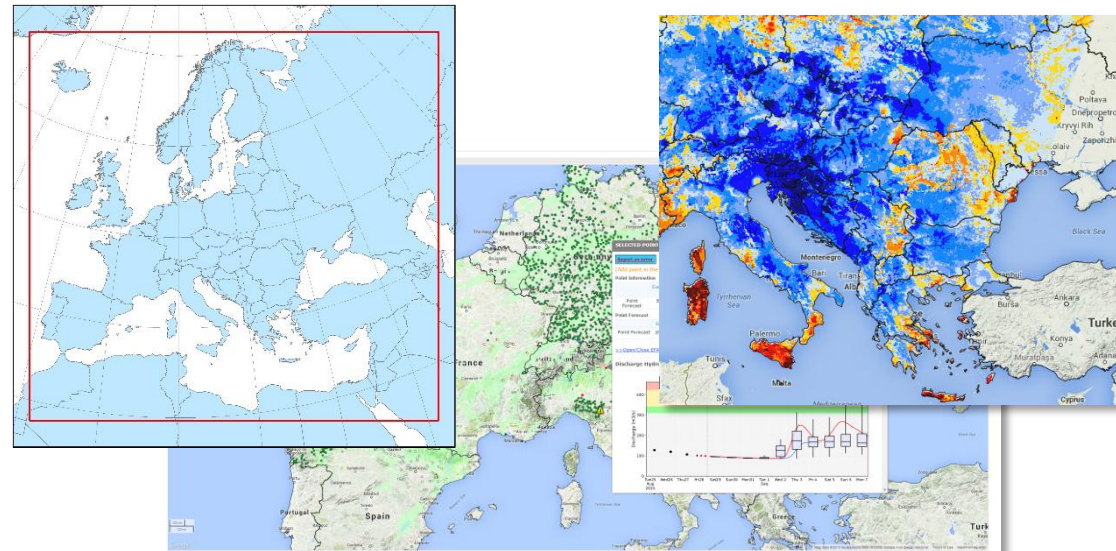


The European Flood Awareness System

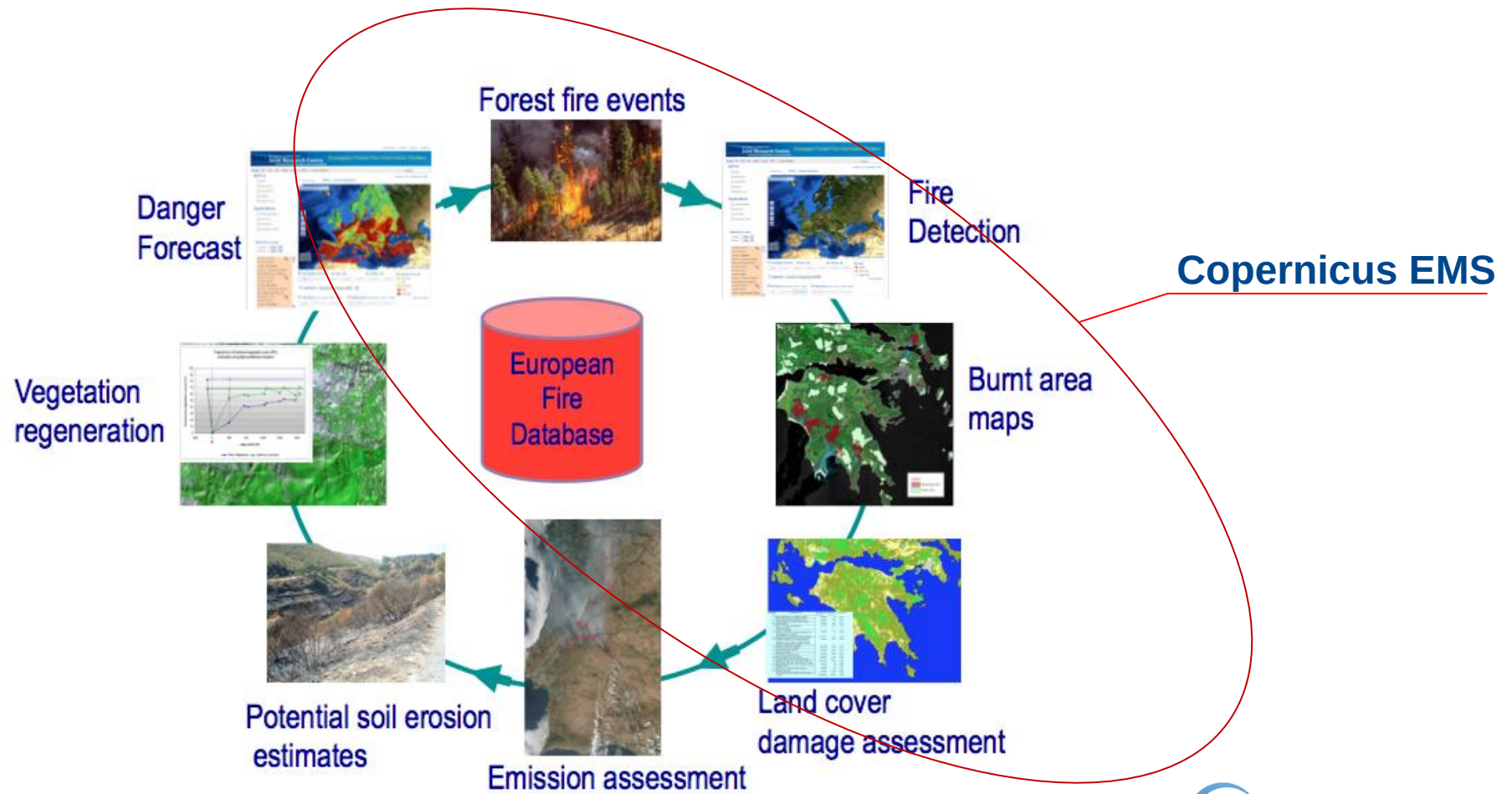
- **Need:** lack of coherent flood information and coordination in Europe for trans-national flood events, e.g. during Elbe and Danube floods in 2002
- **Aim:** EFAS provides added value, trans-national flood early warning information to EC civil protection and national authorities.
- **JRC :** started development in 2003 - since September 2012 fully operational as part of the Copernicus Emergency Management Service

What:

- ✓ Flood early warning info for up to 10 days
- ✓ Probabilistic flood forecasts (different NWP models)
- ✓ River basin wide, European scale
- ✓ Flash flood specific forecasts
- ✓ Web interface: www.efas.eu
- ✓ Web services: WMS-T and SOS



European Forest Fire Information System (EFFIS)



Copernicus EMS

More info: Copernicus EMS Portals

emergency.copernicus.eu

- ★ Service overview
- ★ Activations
- ★ Products (maps, vector data)
- ★ Support tools (GeoRSS, Map of Activations, Map Coverage Planner etc)

www.efas.eu

www.effis.jrc.ec.europa.eu



COPERNICUS
Emergency Management Service

Copernicus EMS - Copernicus Emergency Management Service

Home | What is Copernicus | EMS - Mapping | EMS - Early Warning System | News

Copernicus Emergency Management Service - Mapping

A service in support of European emergency response



Map above displays only latest Copernicus EMS - Mapping Activations. To see a Map of All Activations, go to section Map of Activations in Rapid Mapping or in Risk and Recovery Mapping sub-menus respectively.

Latest Copernicus EMS - Mapping Activations

Act. Code	Title	Event Date	Type	Country	Feed
EMSR120	Flood in Spain	2015-02-27	Flood	Spain	
EMSR118	Flood in Spain	2015-02-02	Flood	Spain	
EMSR117	Flood in Greece	2015-02-01	Flood	Greece	
EMSR116	Flood in Malawi	2015-01-17	Flood	Malawi	
EMSR113	Industrial Accident in Vrbětice	2014-12-03	Industrial acc...	Czech Republic	

Summary of the Copernicus EMS - Mapping Activations

Type of Disaster	Number of Activations	Number of Reference Maps	Number of Delineation Maps	Number of Grading Maps
Earthquake	2	17	17	16
Flood	52	312	415	33
Forest fire, wild fire	12	30	32	13
Industrial accident	5	12	3	1
Other	39	164	67	82
Wind storm	9	53	28	33
[Total: 01.04.2012 - 09.03.2015]	119	588	562	178

In the above table, only non-obsolete components are considered.

Copernicus Emergency Management Service (EMS) provides information for emergency response in relation to different types of disasters, including meteorological hazards, geophysical hazards, deliberate and accidental man-made disasters and other humanitarian disasters, as well as prevention, preparedness, response and recovery activities.

Copernicus EMS consists of the Mapping Service and of the Early Warning System (floods). The Emergency Management Service - Mapping, which has been an operational activity since April 1st, 2012, is a fully operational service as defined in Article 5 to the Copernicus Regulation.

Thank you for attention

jan.kucera@ec.europa.eu